Image Orthicon

MAGNETIC FOCUS MAGNETIC DEFLECTION EXCELLENT RESOLUTION CAPABILITY

For Outdoor and Studio Pickup with High-Quality Black-and-White TV Cameras. The 7295B is Unilaterally Interchangeable with Types 7295 and 7295A.

DATA

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:
Voltage (AC or DC)
Voltage (AC or DC) 6.3 \pm 10% volts Current at 6.3 volts 0.6 amp
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance:
Anode to all other electrodes 12 pf
Target-to-Mesh Spacing 0.002 inch
Spectral Response
Spectral Response
Photocathode, Semitransparent:
Rectangular image (4 x 3 aspect ratio):
Useful size 1.6" max. diagonal
Note: The size of the optical image focused on the
photocathode should be adjusted so that its maximum
diagonal does not exceed the specified value. The
corresponding electron image on the target should
have a size such that the corners of the rectangle
just touch the target ring.
Orientation Proper orientation is obtained when the
vertical scan is essentially parallel to the plane
passing through center of the faceplate and the grid-
No.6 envelope terminal. The horizontal and vertical
scan should start at the corner of the picture between
the grid-No.6 and the photocathode envelope terminals.
Focusing Method
Deflection Method
Overall Length
Greatest Diameter of Bulb 4.500" ± 0.094"
Minimum Deflecting-Coll Inside Diameter 3.2"
Deflecting-Coil Length
Focusing-Coil Length
Alignment-Coil:
Position on neck Centerline of magnetic field should be
located 9.25" from the flat area of the
shoulder.
Operating Position See Operating Considerations
Weight (Approx.)
Socket
Envelope Terminals
BOTTOM VIEW▲
Terminal Over Pin 2-Field Mesh

General:

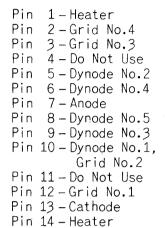
Terminal Over Pin 4 - Photocathode (PC)
Terminal On Side of Envelope
Opposite Base Key - Grid No.6 (G₆)

Terminal Over Pin 9-Grid No.5 (G₅) Terminal Over Pin 11-Target

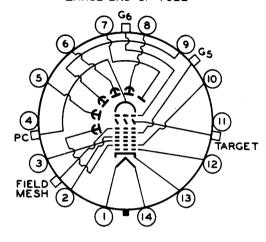
End Base. Small-Shell Diheptal 14-Pin (JEDEC Group 5, No.B14-45)

BOTTOM VIEW

DIRECTION OF LIGHT: PERPENDICULAR TO LARGE END OF TUBE



PHOTOCATHODE:



Maximum and Minimum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:

THOTOGRAPHODE.				
Voltage				volts
Illumination	•	50	max.	fc
OPERATING TEMPERATURE: b				_
Any part of bulb	•	65	max.	oC
Of bulb at large end of tube				
(Image section)		35	min.	oC
TEMPERATURE DIFFERENCE:				
Between image section and any part				
of bulb hotter than image section .		5	max.	°C
GRID-No.6 VOLTAGE			max.	volts
TARGET VOLTAGE:	•	, 00	maxi	10110
Positive value		10	max.	volts
Negative value			max.	volts
FIELD-MESH VOLTAGEC			max.	volts
GRID-No.5 VOLTAGE			max.	volts
GRID-No.4 VOLTAGE			max.	volts
GRID-No.3 VOLTAGE			max.	volts
GRID-No.2 & DYNODE-No.1 VOLTAGE	•		max.	volts
GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE:	•)50	max.	VU113
Negative-bias value		1 25	max.	volts
Positive-bias value	•		max.	volts
VOLTACE DED MULTIPLIED STACE	•			
VOLTAGE PER MULTIPLIER STAGE	•	-	max.	volts
ANODE SUPPLY VOLTAGE	•	1650	max.	volts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:				
Heater negative with respect to cathode			\max .	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	•	10	max.	volts

Typical Operating Values: e	
Photocathode Voltage600	volts
Grid-No.6 Voltage (Image Focus) Approx.	
50% of photocathode voltage*250 to -350	volts
Target Voltage Above Cutoff ⁹ 2.3	volts
Field-Mesh Voltage ^c 15 to 25	volts
Grid-No.5 Voltage (Decelerator) 40	volts
Grid-No.4 Voltage (Beam Focus) 70 to 90	volts
Grid-No.3 Voltage ^h	volts
Grid-No.2 & Dynode-No.1 Voltage 280	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage for picture cutoff45 to-115	volts
Dynode-No.2 Voltage 600	volts
Dynode-No.3 Voltage 800	volts
Dynode-No.4 Voltage 1000	volts
Dynode-No.5 Voltage	volts
Anode Voltage	volts
Recommended Target-Temperature Range ^b . 35 to 45	oC.
Minimum Peak-to-Peak Blanking Voltage . 5	volts
Field Strength of Focusing Coil	
(Approx.):	
At center of scanning section 60	gausses
In plane of photocathode 120	gausses
Field Strength of Alignment Coil 0 to 3	gausses
	-

Performance Data:

With conditions shown under Typical Operating Values including Recommended Target-Temperature Range, target voltage adjusted to 2.3 volts above cutoff, and with the camera lens set to bring picture highlights one stop above the "knee" of the accompanying Basic Light-Transfer-Characteristic Curve

	Min.	Average	Max.	
Cathode Radiant Sensitivity		-		
at 4500 angstroms	· -	0.030	-	a/w
Luminous Sensitivity	30	60	-	μ a/lm
Signal-Output Current				
(Peak to Peak)	10	_	40	μa
Ratio of Peak-to-Peak High-				
light Video Signal Current				
to RMS Noise Current for	00.4	4		
Bandwidth of 4.5 Mc	60.1	75.1	_	
Photocathode Illumination				
at 2870° K Required to				
bring Picture Highlights				
One Stop above "Knee" of Light-TransferCharacteristic.			0 110	f.
Amplitude Response at 400 TV	-	_	0.110	fc
Lines per Picture Height				
(Per cent of large-area				
black to large-area white) k.	60	75		%
Uniformity:	00	75		10
Ratio of Shading (Back-				
ground) Signal to				
Highlight Signal		0.10	0.15	
		0.10	0.10	

	Min.	Average	Max.	
Decrease from Peak Highlight Signal Level of Signal from any Point		-		
on Scanned Area of Target		12	25	%

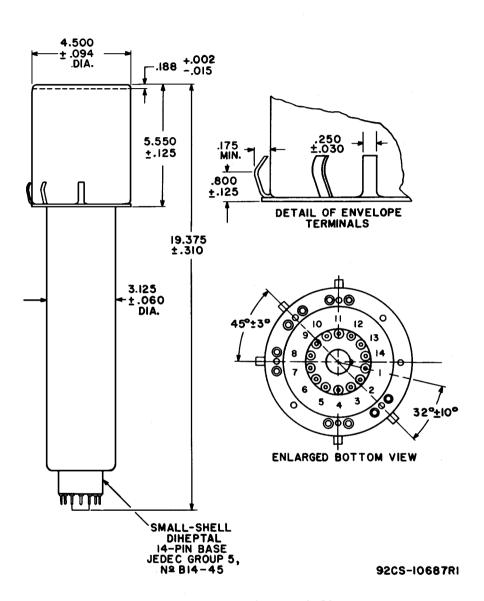
- Cinch Manufacturing Corporation, 1026 South Homan Avenue, Chicago 24, Illinois.
- Operating outside the Recommended Target-Temperature Range shown under Typical Operating Values will not damage the 7295B provided the Maximum Temperature Ratings of the tube are not exceeded. Optimum performance, however, is only obtained when the tube is operated within the Recommended Target-Temperature Range.
- c With respect to grid No.4.
- d Dynode-voltage values are shown under Typical Operating Values.
- $fence{e}$ With 7295B operated in RCA TK-60 camera at fixed photocathode voltage. ff Adjust for optimum focus.
- $^{f g}$ The target supply voltage should be adjustable from -5 to 5 volts. $^{f h}$ Adjust to give the most uniformly shaded picture near maximum signal.
- Direction of current should be such that a north-seeking pole is attracted to the image end of the focusing *coil, with the indicator located outside of and at the image end of the focusing coil.
- ${f k}$ Measured with amplifier having flat frequency response.
- ^m With uniform illumination on photocathode.

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

The tube should never be operated in a vertical position with the Diheptal/base end up nor in any other position where the axis of the tube with base up makes an angle of less than 20° with the vertical.

SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC of Photosensitive Device having S-10 Response is shown at the front of this Section





ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

BASIC LIGHT-TRANSFER CHARACTERISTIC

